YEAR GROUP: Year 1 and 2 TERM: Autumn Year A



#### FIT CURRICULUM LINKS

**Creative Workout**— To design a freestanding structure—lighthouse.

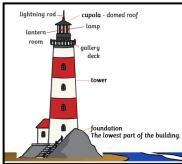
World Workout— To develop an understanding of lighthouses and their design.



# **Expert Vocabulary**

### lighthouse

A tall building with a light on the top. Its light shines out to sea and protects ships from crashing into shore.



#### structure

Something that is built or constructed.



## <u>freestanding structure</u>

A structure that stands on its own foundation or base without attachment to anything.



Able to withstand force or pressure.

#### <u>stable</u>

An object that does not fall over

### <u>stiffer</u>

Stronger and not easily bent.



#### huttress

A structure added to a wall or tower to make it more stable.



## V.I.P

John Smeaton

Born: 1724 Died: 1794

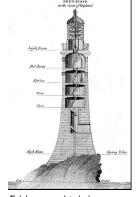
British Civil Engineer



- He designed and built bridges, canals, lighthouses and mills
- Famous for designing the 3rd Eddystone Lighthouse which stood for 120 years.
- He was inspired by tall oak trees, which withstood gales, and decided to design his lighthouse tower like the rings of tree.
- His ideas were then used to build all other lighthouses.



oak tree



Eddystone Lighthouse

# Key Information





The first lighthouse was built in Egypt and was call Pharos of Alexandria.



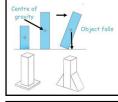
The first lighthouses were built from wood and had a fire as their light.

This one was an octagonal wooden lighthouse.



John Seaton was the first person to design and build a lighthouse from stone.

## Technical Knowledge



A tall **freestanding structure** can easily fall over.

You can make your structure stable by making the base heavier or by adding a **buttress.** 



Cylinders are strong 3D shapes.

This is how a cylinder can be attached to a base.